1 Identification

· Product identifier

· Trade name: <u>Blue Coloring</u> · Article number: 030-5777

· Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier: Aqua Solutions, Inc. 6913 Highway 225 DEER PARK, TX 77536

USA

800-256-2586

· Information department:

Technical Coordinator

Sherman Nelson sherman@aquasolutions.org

Product safety department

· Emergency telephone number:

Chemtrec: 800-424-9300 Canutec: 613-996-6666



2 Hazard(s) identification

· Classification of the substance or mixture



GHS07

Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2B H320 Causes eye irritation.

- · Label elements
- · GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
- · Hazard pictograms



GHS07

- · Signal word Warning
- · Hazard-determining components of labeling:

1,2-Propanediol (Propylene Glycol)

· Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes skin and eye irritation.

· Precautionary statements

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Specific treatment (see on this label).

(Contd. on page 2)

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Trade name: Blue Coloring

(Contd. of page 1)

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- · Classification system:
- · NFPA ratings (scale 0 4)



Health = 1Fire = 0Reactivity = 0

· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)



Health = 1Fire = 0REACTIVITY 0 Reactivity = 0

- · Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · **Description:** Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous	· Dangerous components:			
57-55-6	1,2-Propanediol (Propylene Glycol)	14.922%		
3844-45-9	Erioglaucine	2.984%		
· Table of N	· Table of Nonhazardous Ingredients			
94-13-3	propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	0.1%		
7732-18-5	Water, Deionized, ASTM Type II	81.994%		

4 First-aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- · After skin contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.
- · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.
- · After swallowing: If symptoms persist consult doctor.
- · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- · Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 3)

Printing date 08/12/2014 Reviewed on 08/12/2014

Trade name: Blue Coloring

(Contd. of page 2)

- · Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: No special measures required.

6 Accidental release measures

- · Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Not required.
- · Environmental precautions: Dilute with plenty of water.
- · Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

· Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

- · Precautions for safe handling No special precautions are necessary if used correctly.
- · Information about protection against explosions and fires: No special measures required.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: No special requirements.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions: None.
- · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.
- · Control parameters
- · Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

57-55-6 1,2-Propanediol (Propylene Glycol)

TWA Short-term value: 10 mg/m³

weel

WEEL Long-term value: 10 mg/m³

- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
- · Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
- · Breathing equipment: Not required.
- · Protection of hands:

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

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Trade name: Blue Coloring

(Contd. of page 3)

• Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection: Goggles recommended during refilling.

9 Physical and chemical properties			
· Information on basic physical and o	chemical properties		
· General Information			
· Appearance:	*		
Form:	Liquid		
Color:	Dark blue		
· Odor:	Mild		
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.		
· pH-value:	Not determined.		
· Change in condition			
Melting point/Melting range:	Undetermined.		
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Undetermined.		
· Flash point:	210 °C (410 °F)		
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not applicable.		
· Ignition temperature:			
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.		
· Auto igniting:	Product is not selfigniting.		
· Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.		
· Explosion limits:			
Lower:	Not determined.		
Upper:	Not determined.		
· Vapor pressure at 20 °C (68 °F):	23 hPa (17 mm Hg)		
· Density at 20 °C (68 °F):	1 g/cm³ (8.345 lbs/gal)		
· Relative density	Not determined.		
· Vapour density	Not determined.		
· Evaporation rate	Not determined.		
· Solubility in / Miscibility with			
Water:	Fully miscible.		
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined.			
,	1), 101 actornated.		
· Viscosity:	M. I. C. I		
Dynamic:	Not determined.		
Kinematic:	Not determined.		
· Solvent content:			
Organic solvents:	0.0 %		
Water:	82.0 %		
· Other information	No further relevant information available.		

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Trade name: Blue Coloring

(Contd. of page 4)

10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity
- · Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- · Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:

· LD/LC50 value:	s that are relevan	t for classification:
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57-55-6 1,2-Propanediol (Propylene Glycol)

37-33-0 1,2-1 Topuncuiot (1 Topytene Giyeot)		
Oral	LD50	20.000 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	20.800 mg/kg (rabbit)
Irritation of skin	Skin Corrosion/Irritation	(Human)
Irritation of eyes	Eye damage/eye irritation	(rabbit)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · on the skin: No irritant effect.
- · on the eye: No irritating effect.
- · Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
- · Additional toxicological information:
- · Carcinogenic categories

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cance	· IARC	(International	Agency for	· Research on	Cancer
--	--------	----------------	------------	---------------	--------

3844-45-9 Erioglaucine

3

· NTP (National Toxicology Program)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

None of the ingredients is listed.

12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes: Not known to be hazardous to water.
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 6)

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Trade name: Blue Coloring

· Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

(Contd. of page 5)

13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation:

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agent: Water, if necessary with cleansing agents.

14 Transport information		
· UN-Number · DOT, ADN, IMDG, IATA		

Not Applicable

· UN proper shipping name · DOT, ADN, IMDG, IATA

Not Applicable

- · Transport hazard class(es)
- · DOT, ADN, IMDG, IATA
- · Class Not Applicable
- · Packing group
- · DOT, IMDG, IATA Not Applicable
- · Environmental hazards:
- · Marine pollutant:
- · Special precautions for user Not applicable.
- · Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

· UN "Model Regulation":

15 Regulatory information

· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

No

- · Sara
- · Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed.

· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

3844-45-9 Erioglaucine

94-13-3 propyl 4-hydroxybenzoate

- · Proposition 65
- · Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

(Contd. on page 7)

Printing date 08/12/2014 Reviewed on 08/12/2014

Trade name: Blue Coloring

(Contd. of page 6)

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Carcinogenic categories

· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· TLV (Threshold Limit Value established by ACGIH)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

- GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
- · Hazard pictograms



GH20/

- · Signal word Warning
- · Hazard-determining components of labeling:

1,2-Propanediol (Propylene Glycol)

· Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes skin and eye irritation.

· Precautionary statements

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Specific treatment (see on this label).

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

- · Department issuing MSDS: Environment protection department.
- · Contact: Mr. Nelson
- · Date of preparation / last revision

Creation date for SDS 08/12/2014 LS

08/12/2014 / -

(Contd. on page 8)

Printing date 08/12/2014 Reviewed on 08/12/2014

Trade name: Blue Coloring

(Contd. of page 7)

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 4

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2B: Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2B

TICA

SAFETY DATA SHEET - JANUARY 3, 2018

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier:	Silica Sand
Trade Names	Holliston Sand Products, Slater Farms Products
Product Uses:	Filtration Media, Foundry Sand, Industrial Fillers, Bio-retention and Agricultural Sand,
	Sports Turf, Recreational Products, Commercial Products, Traction Sand
	Not recommended for sand-blasting.
Manufacturer's Name:	Holliston Sand Company, Inc.
Manufacturer's Address	PO Box 1168, Slatersville, RI 02876
Manufacturer's Telephone	401.766.5010, Monday – Friday, 7:00am to 5:00pm
Manufacturer's Facsimile:	401.762.4976
Emergency Telephone	401.766.5010, Monday – Friday, 7:00am to 5:00pm

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS - US Classification and Label Elements:

Health:

Category 1A - Carcinogen		
Category 1 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following repeated exposures	
Category 2B - Eye Irritation		
Signal Word (GHS-US) - DANGER	See	
GHS-US Labeling / Hazard Pictograms	GHS08	GHS07

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

H335 May cause eye and respiratory irritation	
H350	May cause cancer by inhalation
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.



Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

P202 – SDS - Read all safety precautions prior to handling.	P264 – Wash thoroughly after handling.	
P308 / P313/P314/P304 – Call for medical attention if not well	or uncomfortable. If inhaled, provide fresh air.	
P260 / P280 – Never breathe dust. Wear PPE prior to use	P271 – Use in a well ventilated area.	
P403 – Store properly. Closed container.	P501 – Dispose of according to local / regional regulations.	

Section 3 - Composition

Name	Product Identifier	Percentage (%)	GHS-US Classification
Quartz	CAS #: 14808-60-7	85 – 99.9	Carc. 1A, H350, STOT SE 3, H335, STOT RE 1, H372

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

ANY SERIOUS INJURY OR UNCONSCIOUSNESS OBSERVATION SHOULD BE AN AUTOMATIC EMERGENCY CALL TO 911.

Inhalation - Move person to a clear area, provide fresh air. Provide medical or emergency attention.

Eye – Flush eye / eyes with water as needed. Provide medical attention as necessary.

Skin – Simple abrasions should be cleansed with mild soap and water. Provide medical attention as necessary.

Ingestion - Discomfort should be followed up with medical attention.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure - Symptoms of silicosis may first appear 15 to 20 years after someone's exposure to crystalline silica. As the disease progresses, symptoms may include:

Shortness of breath	Severe Cough	Weakness

If you have silica in your lungs, your body may not be able to fight infections well. This can lead to other illnesses that can cause.

Chest Pains	Weight Loss	Night Sweats
Respiratory Failure	Fever	

As the disease progresses over time, these symptoms can become worse. The symptoms of acute silicosis which can occur with exposures to very high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a very short time period, sometimes as short as six months, are the same as those associated with chronic silicosis. The symptoms of scleroderma, an autoimmune disease, include thickening and stiffness of the skin, particularly in the fingers, shortness of breath, difficulty swallowing and joint problems.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media:	Compatible with all media. Use appropriate media for surrounding fire.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Habits:	None known.
Special Fire Fighting Procedure.	None known. Not flammable. Use normal fire fighting equipment.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	None known.



Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 - General measures.
 - Do not breathe dust. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up. Use water to wet down clean up area to minimize particulate.
 - o For non-emergency / emergency personnel,
 - Wear suitable protective ciothing, gloves, eye and face protection. Use recommended respiratory protection. Collect as any solid.
- Environmental Precautions no additional information available
- Methods and Material for Containment and Clean-up
 - Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up, Use water to wet down clean up area to minimize particulate.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

- This product is not to be used for abrasive blasting without proper equipment and training. Do not breathe dust, which
 may be created during handling of this product.
- Engineering measures and good housekeeping are essential to preventing accumulation of silica dust in the workplace.

 Use adequate ventilation and dust collection systems.
- Testing can ensure engineering measures are sufficient. PPE is a solution until verification is established. Refer to Section
 8 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection for further information.
- Silica dust is not always visible in a form of a cloud. Use PPE.
- In accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR 1910.12, 1915.99, 1917.28, 1918.90, 1926.59, 1928.21), state, and / or local right to know laws and regulations, familiarize your employees with this SDS and the information contained herein.
- Warn your employees, your customers and other third parties (in case of resale or distribution to others) of the potential
 health risks associated with the use of this product and train them in the appropriate use of PPE and engineering
 controls, which will reduce their risks of exposure.
- See ASTM International standard practice E1132-06, "Standard Practice for Health Requirements Relating to Occupational Exposure to Respirable Crystalline Silica."
- Store in a dry, cool place. Keep container tightly closed.



Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Control Parameters

Quartz (14808-60-7)	– Occupational exposure limits (respir	able fraction) in air for dust containing crystalline
silica.		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) (8 hour weighted average)	0.025 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m³)	50 mg/m³
usa niosh	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) (10 hour weighted average)	0.05 mg/m ³
usa msha/osha	MSHA/OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) (8 hour weighted average) (Mineral Dust)	$(30)/(\%SiO_2 + 2) \text{ mg/m}^3 - \text{total dust}$ $(10)/(\% SiO_2 + 2) \text{ mg/m}^3 - \text{respirable fraction}$

USA ACGIH	ACGIH TLV	3 mg/m³	10mg/m³
usa msha/osha	MSHA/OSHA PEL (As Inert or Nuisance	5 mg/m³	15 mg/m ³

Exposure Controls

Engineering controls	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Avoid dust production.
Personal protection equipment (PPE)	Use dust suits, protective goggles and respiratory protection in dusty areas. Self contained breathing apparatus is also a good option during dust production. Get training on the use of all PPE equipment. Respirator fit testing is mandatory. Contact NIOSH at 800.35.NIOSH, WWW.CDC.GOV/NIOSH Use impermeable gloves for hand protection. Use Protective goggles for eye protection Use NIOSH approved respirators in areas containing airborne dust.
Hygiene	Always wash your hands after handling

California Inhalation Reference Exposure Limit (REL) as of 12/08: Crystalline silica (quartz, cristobalite, tridymite) is 3 ug/m³. Canadian OEL:

- Canada Labour Code: 0,025 mg/m³ (respirable)
 - Alberta, British Columbia: 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable quartz and cristobalite)
 - Saskatchewen: 2 mg/m3 (respirable, amorphous: silica fume); 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable, amorphous: silica fused); 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable, cristobalite); 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable tridymite); 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable, quartz); 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable, tripoli)
 - Manitoba, Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island: 0.025 mg/m3 (respirable)
 - Ontario: 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable cristobalite, tridymite); 0.1 mg/m³ (quartz, tripoli); 0.1 mg/m³ (silica fused); 2 mg/m³ (silica fume)
 - Quebec: 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable, cristobalite, tridymite); 0.1 mg/m³ (quartz, tripoli)
 - New Brunswick: 0.1 mg/m³ (quartz); 0.05 mg/m³ (cristobalite)
 - Nova Scotia: 0.025 mg/m³ (quartz, cristobalite)
 - Yukon: 2 mg/m³ (respirable, amorphous); 300 particles/ml measured with a konimeter (quartz, and tripoli); 150 particles/ML measured with a konimeter (cristobalite and tridymite)
 - Northwest Territories, Nunavut: 2 mg/m³ (respirable, amorphous); 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable, cristobalite, tridymite, silica flour); 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable, fused silica, quartz, tripoli)

Austria OEL - Maximum concentration 0.15 mg/m³

Japan OEL - Japan Society of Occupational Health Respirable crystalline silica 0.03 mg/m³

Poland OEL TWA -2 mg/m³ (total inhalable dust, containing >50% free crystalline silica);

- 0.3 mg/mg/m³ (respirable dust, containing >50% free crystalline silica);
- 4.0 mg/m³ (total inhalable dust, containing 2% to 50% free crystalline silica);
- 1.0 mg/m³ (respirable dust, containing 2% to 50% free crystalline silica)

United Kingdom OEL - 0.1 mg/m³

Mexico − 0.1 mg/m³ (quartz, inhalable)

- 0.05 mg/m³ (cristobalite, inhalable)
- 0.05 mg/m³ (tridymite, inhalable)
- 0,1 mg/m³ (tripoli containing respirable quartz powder, inhalable)
- (Also refer to ACGIH)

Argentina - 0.05 mg/m³ (quartz, respirable)

- 0.05 mg/m³ (cristobalite, respirable)
- 0.05 mg/m³ (tridymite, respirable)
- 0.1 mg/m³ (tripoli, respirable)

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical State / Appearance	Solid / Crystalline
Odor	None
Odor Threshold	No data available
Color	Natural
рН	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Melting point	1710°C (3110°F)
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point	2230°C (4046°F)
Flash point	No data available
Self ignition temperature	No data available



Decomposition temperature	No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non-combustible solid	
Vapour pressure	No data available	
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	No data available	
Relative density	No data available	
Density	2.65 (approx.)	
Solubility	Practically insoluble.	
Log Pow	No data available	
Log Kow	No data available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Explosive Limits	None known.	
Oxidizing properties	None known.	
Explosive limits	No đata available	

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	None under normal conditions. Reactive with strong oxidizing agents.
Chemical / Thermal Stability	Chemically stable under normal temperature and pressure. Thermal instability occurs under high temperatures above 870°C (1598°F). It can change to crystalline silica such as tridymite and cristobalite,
Incompatible Materials	Avoid strong oxidizers such as fluorine, chlorine tri-fluoride, hydrogen fluoride, oxygen di-fluoride, hydrogen peroxide, acetylene, ammonia.
Hazardous Decomposition	Quartz (silica) will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas, silicon tetra-fluoride.
Hazardous Polymerization	Not know to polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity	Acute toxicity		Not classified		
Aspiration hazard		Not classified			
Skin Irritation		Not classified			
Eye Irritation		Not classified			
Respiratory or skin sensitization		Not classified			
Reproductive toxicity		Not classified			
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)		Not classified			
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)		Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation)			
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not classified			
Carcinogenicity IV		May cause cancer - inhalation			
Quartz (14808-60-7)	IARC Gro	oup – Group 1	National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status: Known Human Carcinogen		
Silica – All grades (14808-60-7)		Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.			



Section 12: Ecological Information

Crystalline silica is not known to be eco-toxic, not readily biodegradable and not expected to bio-accumulate.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

AS SOLD, our crystalline silica (quartz) products are not considered hazardous waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or its regulations, 40 CFR 261 et seq. Dispose according to applicable local, state and federal regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

Crystalline silica (quartz) is not a hazardous material for purposes of transportation under the U. S. Department of Transportation Table of Hazardous Materials, 49 CFR §172.101, and Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations in the European Union, Canada, Argentina, Republic of Uzbekistan and Japan. Consult applicable international, national, state, provincial or local laws. In accordance with DOT / TDG / ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ACAO / IATA, crystalline silica is not a dangerous product in the sense of transport regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations	Silica / Quartz	Immediate health hazard - acute	On US TSCA (Toxic Substances Control
	14808-60-7	Delayed health hazard – chronic.	Act) inventory listing.
Canada Regulations		WHMIS Classification. Class D Division 2	
		Subdivision A - Very toxic material	
		causing other toxic effects.	
International Info		IARC (international Agency for Research	NTP (National Toxicology Program)
		on Cancer) listing.	specifies as a carcinogen.
U State Regulations		See below.	

- U.S. California Proposition 65 Carcinogens List . This product contains Quartz, a substance known to the state of California to cause cancer.
- U.S. Hawaii Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits Mineral Dusts
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens
- U.S. Maine Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits Mineral Dusts
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs



Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA

Health Hazard	2 — intense or continued exposure could cause temporary or incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given	0
Fire Hazard	0 – materials that will not burn	
Reactivity	0 - normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, are not reactive with water	0

HMIS III Rating

Health	2 - moderate hazard, temporary injury may occur	
Flammability	0 - minimal hazard	
Physical	0 — minimal hazard	
Personal Protection	All equipment required plus engineering measures.	

Definitions

Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A	
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	

User's Responsibility: The OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 requires that this SDS be made available to your employees who handle or may be exposed to this product. Educate and train your employees regarding applicable precautions. Instruct your employees to handle this product properly.

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for one's own particular use. Since the actual use of the product described herein is beyond our control, Holliston Sand company, Inc., assumes no liability arising out of the use of the product by others. Appropriate warnings and safe handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users.

More information on the effects of crystalline silica exposure may be obtained from OSHA website: http://www.osha.gov or from NiOSH website: http://www.cdc.gov/niosh).

