Spectrum Brands, Inc. Rayovac Division 3001 Deming Way Middleton, WI 53562-1

Middleton, WI 53562-1431 Phone: (608) 275-3340 Fax: (608) 275-4577

http://www.rayovac.com



SAFETY DATA SHEET

The Safety Data Sheet is supplied as a service to you. For other related information, please visit: http://www.rayovac.com

1. IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Alkaline Battery Mercury Free

SIZES: All sizes

EMERGENCY HOTLINE: 800-424-9300 (24 hr, Chemtrec)

EDITION DATE: 07/01/2017

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

We would like to inform our customers that these batteries are exempt articles and are not subject to the 29 CFR 1910.1200 OSHA requirements, Canadian WHMIS requirements or GHS requirements.

Emergency Overview

OSHA Hazards-not applicable

Target Organs-not applicable

GHS Classification-not applicable

GHS Label Elements, including precautionary Statement-not applicable

Pictogram-not applicable

Signal words-not applicable

Hazard statements-not applicable

Precautionary statements-not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT NAME	CAS#	%	TLV*/**TWA	
Manganese Dioxide	1313-13-9	32-38	C5.0 mg/m ³	
Steel	7439-89-6	19-23		
Zinc	7440-66-6	11-16	5 mg/m³ (as ZnO Fume)	
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	5-9	Solution Not Listed	
Graphite	7782-42-5	3-5	15 mppcf	
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	<5	15 mg/m ³	
Water, paper, plastic, other		Balance		

^{*}Source: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1, 2 or 3 11-01-2012

4. FIRST AID INFORMATION

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE (TLV) AND SOURCE: NA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: None in normal use

EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Skin and Eyes:

Do not pick up a shorting battery as it may cause a burn. Get immediate medical attention when eyes may have been exposed to battery contents from a ruptured battery. Wash skin with soap and water.

Swallowing:

If you or your doctor suspects that a battery has been ingested-for assistance in the US call the NATIONAL BATTERY INGESTION HOTLINE any time at (202) 625-3333: in Canada call 416-813-5900.

For more information, please visit:

http://www.nema.org/Policy/Environmental-Stewardship/Documents/batteryingest.pdf

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: NA
LOWER (LEL): NA
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR (%): NA
UPPER (UEL): NA

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use water, foam, or dry powder as

appropriate.

AUTO-IGNITION: NA

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: As with any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus to avoid inhalation of hazardous decomposition products (See section 2).

SPECIAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS: DO NOT RECHARGE. As a typical sealed battery they may rupture when exposed to excessive heat; this could result in the release of flammable or corrosive materials.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

TO CONTAIN AND CLEAN UP LEAKS OR SPILLS: In the event of a battery rupture, prevent skin contact and collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container.

REPORTING PROCEDURE: Report all spills in accordance with Federal, State and Local reporting requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store batteries in a dry place. Storing unpackaged cells together with other combustible materials could result in cell shorting and heat build-up. Do not recharge. Do not puncture or abuse.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SPECIFY TYPE): NA
VENTILATION: Local Exhaust: NA

Mechanical (General): NA Special: NA

Other: NA

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

EYE PROTECTION:

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING:

NA

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Point @ 760 mm Hg (°C):	NA	Percent Volatile by Volume (%):		NA
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg @ 25°C):	NA	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1): NA		NA
Vapor Density (Air = 1):	NA	Physical State: NA		NA
Density (grams/cc):	NA	Solubility in Water (% by Weight): NA		NA
pH:	NA	Appearance and Odor: Geometric solid of		lid object

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE OR UNSTABLE: Stable
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): NA
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: NA
DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE (0°F): NA

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will Not Occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid electrical shorting, puncturing or deforming

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENT NAME	CAS#	%	TLV*/**TWA	
Manganese Dioxide	1313-13-9	32-38	C5.0 mg/m ³	
Steel	7439-89-6	19-23		
Zinc	7440-66-6	11-16	5 mg/m³ (as ZnO Fume)	
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	5-9	Solution Not Listed	
Graphite	7782-42-5	3-5	15 mppcf	
Barium Sulfate	7727-43-7	<5	15 mg/m ³	
Water, paper, plastic, other		Balance		

^{*}Source: OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1, 2 or 3 11-01-2012

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Consumers should dispose of discharged batteries through waste disposal services or legitimate collection outlets. Those collecting batteries should follow state and federal regulations. Partially discharged damaged batteries can overheat and cause fires in the presence of other combustible materials.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Always comply with Federal, state or local requirements. All Rayovac Alkaline batteries have been tested per Federal hazardous waste testing requirements (TCLP). The TCLP tests show Rayovac alkaline batteries are not hazardous waste.

http://www.nema.org/Policy/Environmental-

Stewardship/Documents/Companies%20Claiming%20to%20Recycle.MARCH2005.pdf

14. Transportation Information

TRANSPORTATION-SHIPPING: Alkaline Batteries are considered dry-cell batteries and they are non-dangerous goods for transportation. These batteries must be packed in a way to prevent short circuits or generation of a dangerous quantity of heat.

USDOT - See Special Provision 130.

IMO/Ocean - Not Listed.

ICAO/IATA – See Special Provision A123. This special provision also states to put the words "not restricted" and "special provision A123" on the air waybill when an air waybill is issued.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313: Notification is not required because these products are article(s) that do not release a covered toxic chemical under the normal conditions of storage, use, or handling.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information and recommendations set forth are made in good faith and are believed to be accurate at the date of preparation. Spectrum Brands Inc. (Rayovac) makes no warranty expressed or implied.



Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
Revision Date: 03/12/2015 Date of issue: 03/12/2015 Supersedes Date: 03/09/2012

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

<u>Product Identifier</u> <u>Product Form:</u> Substance

Product Name: Sodium Bicarbonate

CAS No: 144-55-8 Formula: NaHCO₃ Synonyms: Baking Soda

Intended Use of the Product

Food Ingredient, Pharmaceutical, Household and Personal Care Product, Water Treatment, General Industrial Use.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Church & Dwight 500 Charles Ewing Blvd Ewing Township, NJ 08628 T 1-800-524-1328

www.churchdwight.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : For Medical Emergency: 1-888-234-1828, For Chemical Emergency: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The consumer variant of this product is labeled in accordance with regulations administered by the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The use pattern and exposure in the workplace are generally not consistent with those experienced by consumers. The requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration applicable to this SDS differ from the labeling requirements of the CPSC and FDA, and as a result, this SDS may contain additional health hazard information not pertinent to consumer use and not found on the product label.

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US) Not classified

Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling No labeling applicable

<u>Other Hazards</u> Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Prolonged contact with dust can produce mechanical irritation.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

Name : Sodium Bicarbonate

CAS No : 144-55-8

Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Sodium bicarbonate	(CAS No) 144-55-8	100	Not classified

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area.

Skin Contact: Brush off loose particles from skin. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

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Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention if a large amount is swallowed.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Skin contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Eye Contact: Contact may cause irritation due to mechanical abrasion.

Ingestion: Large doses may produce systemic alkalosis and expansion in extracellular fluid volume with edema.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: For surrounding fire: Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: NOT FLAMMABLE. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Sodium oxides.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe dust or fumes. Avoid skin and eye contact.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: When heated, material emits irritating fumes.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible Materials: Acids. Water. Lime.

Storage Temperature: < 65 °C (150 °F)

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Specific End Use(s) Food Ingredient, Pharmaceutical, Water Treatment, General Industrial Use

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Particulates not otherwise c	lassified (PNOC)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction
USA ACGIN	ACGIRITIVA (IIIg/III)	·
		10 mg/m³ Total Dust
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ Respirable fraction
		15 mg/m ³ Total Dust
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particles, recommended)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	3 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica, respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particles, recommended)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particles, recommended)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (respirable mass)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (respirable mass)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particles, recommended)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (including dust, inert or nuisance particulates; containing no
		Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-inhalable fraction)
		6 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-inhalable fraction)
		3 mg/m³ (insoluble or poorly soluble-respirable fraction)

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: For occupational/workplace settings: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: For occupational or bulk quantities: Gloves. Safety glasses. Dust formation: dust mask.







Materials for Protective Clothing: For occupational or bulk quantities: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: For occupational or bulk quantities: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: For occupational or bulk quantities: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

Appearance : White, crystalline powder

Odor : None

Odor Threshold: Not availablepH: 8.2 (1% Solution)Evaporation Rate: Not availableMelting Point: Not availableFreezing Point: Not availableBoiling Point: Not availableFlash Point: Not available

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Auto-ignition Temperature Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Upper/Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C Not available Specific gravity / density 62 lb/ft³ **Specific Gravity** Not available

Solubility : Water: 8.6 g/100ml @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Partition Coefficient: N-octanol/water : Not available Viscosity : Not available

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact. Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity</u>: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

<u>Chemical Stability</u>: Decomposes slowly on exposure to water (moisture).

<u>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:</u> Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to moisture or moist air. Temperatures above 150°F (65 °C).

Incompatible Materials: Acids. Water. Lime.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known. At high temperature may liberate toxic gases.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data:

Sodium Bicarbonate	
LD50 Oral Rat	7.3 g/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 4.7 mg/l/4h

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified [pH: 8.2 (1% Solution)]
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified [pH: 8.2 (1% Solution)]

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Skin contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact may cause irritation due to mechanical abrasion.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Large doses may produce systemic alkalosis and expansion in extracellular fluid volume with

edema.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity No additional information available

Sodium Bicarbonate	
LC50 Fish 1	7100 mg/l Bluegill
EC50 Daphnia 1	4100 mg/l
LC 50 Fish 2	7700 mg/l Rainbow Trout
Sodium bicarbonate (144-55-8	3)
LC50 Fish 1	8250 - 9000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	2350 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

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Persistence and Degradability Not established

Bioaccumulative Potential Not established

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance with DOT
In Accordance with IMDG
In Accordance with IATA
In Accordance with TDG
In Accordance with IMDG
In Implication Imp

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal & International Regulations

Sodium Bicarbonate (144-55-8)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

US State Regulations

Neither this product nor its chemical components appear on any US state lists.

Canadian Regulations

Sodium bicarbonate (144-55-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 03/12/2015

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Church & Dwight 500 Charles Ewing Blvd Ewing Township, NJ 08628

T 1-800-524-1328

This Product Safety Data Sheet is offered solely for your information, consideration and investigation. Church & Dwight Co., Inc. provides no warranties; either expressed or implied, and assumes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of data contained herein. Church & Dwight Co., Inc. urges persons receiving this information to make their own determination as to the information suitability for their particular application.

North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2

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NON-HARDENING MODELING CLAY Issue date: 11/14/2012

SDS ID: 00141112 Revision Date: ---

* * * Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION * * *

Product Name: NON-HARDENING MODELING CLAY

SARGENT ART, INC Phone: 1-800-424-3596

100 East Diamond Ave. Hazleton, PA 18201 www.sargentart.com Health Emergency - Call local Poison Control Center

Synonyms: Primary Assorted Modeling Clay; Pastel Assorted Modeling Clay;

Natural Assorted Modeling Clay; Earth Tone Assorted Modeling Clay;

Color of My Friends Assorted Modeling Clay; Primary Colors Modeling Clay;

Art-Time Assorted Modeling Clay.

Product Codes: 22-4400, 22-4005; 22-4007; 22-4009; 22-4044; 22-4000; 22-4002; 22-4014;

22-4020; 22-4029; 22-4030; 22-4042; 22-4050; 22-4066; 22-4084; 22-4085; 22-4088; 22-4096; 22-7600; 22-7630; 22-7666; 22-7684; 22-7688; 22-7696; 22-7700; 22-7730; 22-7766; 22-7784; 22-7788; 22-7796; 22-1100; 55-3300.

Product Use: Arts and Crafts

* * * Section 2 - HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION * * *

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Color: various colors Physical Form: solid Odor: odorless

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Inhalation: none Skin Contact: none Eye Contact: none Ingestion: none

* * * Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS * * *

CAS	Component	Percent	Symbol	Risk Phrase(s)
Not Available	Product has been certified as non-toxic by the	100		
	US Board Certifies Toxicologist and Conforms			
	to ASTM D-4236 standard practice for			
	Labeling Art Materials for acute and chronic			
	adverse health hazards.			

* * * Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES * * *

Inhalation



NON-HARDENING MODELING CLAY Issue date: 11/14/2012

SDS ID: 00141112 Revision Date: ---

It is unlikely that emergency treatment will be required. Remove from exposure. Get medical attention, if needed.

It is unlikely that emergency treatment will be required. If adverse effects occur, wash with soap or mild detergent and large amounts of water. Get medical attention, if needed.

Eves

It is unlikely that emergency treatment will be required. Wash with large amounts of water or normal saline until no evidence of chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Contact local poison control center or physician immediately.

* * * Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES * * *

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Flammable Properties

Slight fire hazard.

Extinguishing Media

Regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular foam

Fire Fighting Measures

Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Avoid inhalation of material or combustion by-products.

* * * Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELESE MEASURES * * *

Occupational spill/release

Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal.

* * * Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE * * *

Handling Procedures

Use methods to minimize dust.

Storage Procedures

Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. See original containers for storage recommendations. Keep separated from incompatible substances.

* * * Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION * * *

Component Exposure Limits

ACGIH and EU have not developed exposure limits for any of this product's components.

Ventilation

Based on available information, additional ventilation is not required.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Eves/Face

Eye protection not required under normal conditions.

Protective Clothing



NON-HARDENING MODELING CLAY

SDS ID: 00141112 Issue date: 11/14/2012 Revision Date: ---

Protective clothing is not required under normal conditions.

Glove Recommendations

Protective gloves are not required under normal conditions.

Respiratory Protection

No respirator is required under normal conditions of use.

Under conditions of frequent use or heavy exposure, respiratory protection may be needed.

* * * Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES * * *

Flash Point: Appearance: Solid Not available **Physical State:** Solid Flammability: Not available **Physical Form:** Solid **Vapor Pressure:** Not available Vapor Density (air=1): Not available Color: Assorted colors **Evaporation Rate:** Odor: Odorless Not available **Odor Threshold:** Not available **Specific Gravity:** Not available Density: Not available pH: Not available

Melting Point: Not available Water Solubility: Not available Freezing Point: Coeff.Water/Oil Dist: Not available Not available **Boiling Point:** Not available Volatility: Not available

Viscosity: Not available

* * * Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY * * *

Chemical Stability

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

Conditions to Avoid

None reported.

Materials to Avoid

Oxidizing materials.

Decomposition Products

Oxides of carbon.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will not polymerize.

* * * Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION * * *

Component Analysis – LD50/LC50

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and no selected endpoints have been identified.

RTECS Acute Toxicity (selected)

The components of this material have been reviewed and RTECS publishes no data as of the date on this document.

Component Carcinogenicity

None of this product's components are listed be ACGIH, IARC, or DFG.

RTECS Irritation

The components of this material have been reviewed and RTECS publishes no data as of the date on this document.



NON-HARDENING MODELING CLAY Issue date: 11/14/2012

SDS ID: 00141112 Revision Date: ---

* * * Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION * * *

Component Analysis – Aquatic Toxicity

No LOLI ecotoxicity data is available for this product's components.

* * * Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION * * *

Disposal Methods

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Component Waste Numbers

The U.S. EPA has not published waste numbers for this product's components.

* * * Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION * * *

US DOT Information:
TDG Information:
ADR Information:
RID Information:
IATA Information:
ICAO Information:
IMDG Information:
Not Regulated.
Not Regulated.
Not Regulated.
Not Regulated.
Not Regulated.
Not Regulated.

* * * Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION * * *

U.S. Federal Regulations

None of this products components are listed under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370.21), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4), TSCA 12(b), or require an OSHA process safety plan.

SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370 Subparts B and C)

Acute Health: No Chronic Health: No Fire: No Pressure: No Reactive: No

U.S. State Regulations

None of this product's components are listed on the state lists from CA, MA, MN, NJ or PA.

Not regulated under California Proposition 65

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Not a Controlled Product under Canada's Workplace Hazardous Material Information System.

Component Analysis – Inventory

No information is available.

* * * Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION * * *



NON-HARDENING MODELING CLAY

Issue date: 11/14/2012

SDS ID: 00141112

Revision Date: ---

Allergens:

This product do not contain common allergens such as latex, eggs, milk, wheat, gluten, soy, sunflower or other seads, tree nuts, and peanuts.

Key / Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADR – European Road Transport; AU – Australia: BOD - Biochemical Oxygen Demand: C - Celsius: CA - Canada: CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service: CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act: CN - China: CPR -Controlled Products Regulations; DFG - Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List; EEC - European Economic Community; EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; EPA – Environmental Protection Agency; EU – European Union; F - Fahrenheit; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; ICAO - International Civil Agency Organization; IDL - Ingredient Disclosure List; IDLH -Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health; IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods; JP – Japan; Kow – Octanol/water partition coefficient; KR - Korea; LEL - Lower Explosive Limit; LOLI - List Of Lists -ChemADVIUSOR's Regulatory Database; MAK – Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; MEL – Maximum Exposure Limits: NFPA - National Fire Protection Agency: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NJTSR - New Jersey Trade Secret Registry; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration; PH Philippines; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; RID – European Rail Transport; RTECS – Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA - Time Weighted Average; UEL - Upper Explosive Limit; US - United States.

Disclaimer

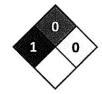
This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.



Date Prepared: 04-Nov-2013 Revised: New Issue No. 6 Tile_GHS_001

HMIS Ratings

Health Hazard	1
Fire Hazard	0
Reactivity Hazard	0
Max. Personal Protection	E



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product trade name(s):

No. 6 Tile

Common Name(s):

Kaolin, China Clay, Hydrous Aluminum Silicate

Chemical Formula:

Al₂Si₂O₅(OH)₄

CAS Number: Physical Form: 1332-58-7 Light gray to white solid

Recommended Uses:

Non-exhaustive list: Ceramics, ceramic glazes, refractories, fiberglass compositions, industrial filler, extender, for paper, rubber, plastics, caulks/adhesives, pesticides,

sorbents, catalyst supports

Restrictions on Use:

Food ingredient, cosmetic ingredient

Manufacturer's Name & Address:

Kentucky-Tennessee Clay Company

Telephone:

770-594-0660

100 Mansell Court East

Fax:

770-645-3460

Suite 300

Customer Service:

800-814-4538

Roswell, GA 30076

Emergency Telephone:

For Chemical Emergency Call CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300

(US, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

1-703-527-3887 (Outside Above Area) collect calls accepted

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Contains Crystalline Silica - <1% Respirable

Classification:

Eye Damage/Irritation Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Category 2 Category 3 - Respiratory

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Category 1 - Respiratory

Category 1a

Label Elements:



Carcinogenicity

Signal Word: WARNING

Hazard Statements:

H373: May cause damage to lung through prolonged or repeated inhalation.

Precautionary Statements:

P260: Do not breathe dust.

P285: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. P501: Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulation.

Page 1 of 9

Product Name: No SDS ID: No

No. 6 Tile No. 6 Tile_GHS_001

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Weight % (Approx.)	CAS N°	EINECS N°
Kaolin	60% - 100%	1332-58-7	310-194-1
Quartz - Crystalline Silica	0.1% - 2%	14808-60-7	238-878-4
Titanium Dioxide	1% - 5%	13463-67-7	136-675-5
Water	1% - 20%	7732-18-5	215-185-5

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

If adverse effects occur, get immediate medical attention. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give artificial

Skin

Wash immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eyes

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Ingestion

DO NOT induce vomiting. If swallowed, drink plenty of water, do NOT induce vomiting. Never make an unconscious person vomit or drink fluids. Get medical attention.

Symptoms: Immediate

eye irritation, skin irritation, respiratory tract irritation

Symptoms: Delayed

gastrointestinal effects

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties

Product is non-flammable.

Use extinguishing agents appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None known.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

No hazard is expected from the normal use of this product.

Fire Fighting Measures

No hazard expected

NFPA 704M Hazard Classification:

Health: 1

Flammable: 0

Reactivity: 0

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Wet material is slippery under foot.

Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8.

Environmental Precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Cleanup Methods

Collect spilled material in appropriate container for reuse or disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid dust generation and accumulation. Do not use in poorly ventilated or confined spaces. Do not taste or swallow.

Avoid inhalation or contact. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Conditions for Safe Storage

Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a well-ventilated area.

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 SAFETY DATA SHEET
 Product Name:
 No. 6 Tile

 SDS ID:
 No. 6 Tile_GHS_001

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines:

Follow standard occupational hygiene control methods and procedures. Use an approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation develops or persists.

Component Exposure Limits:

Hazardous Ingredient	Weight % (Approx.)	CAS Nº	OSHA PEL*	ACGIH TLV*
Kaolin	60% - 100%	1332-58-7	15 mg/m³ (Total Dust) 5 mg/m³ (Respirable Fraction)	2 mg/m ³ (Respirable Fraction)
Quartz - Crystalline Silica (Respirable Fraction < 1%)	0.1% - 2%	14808-60-7	0.1mg/m³ (Respirable Fraction)	0.025 mg/m³ (Respirable Fraction)
Titanium Dioxide (Naturally Occurring)	1% - 5%	13463-67-7	15 mg/m³ (Total Dust)	10 mg/m ³ (Total Dust)

^{*} Unless otherwise noted, all PEL and TLV are reported as 8 hour time weighted average (TWA).

Component Analysis

There are no biological limit values for any of this product's components.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use exhaust ventilation, if required, to maintain dust concentration below recommended exposure limits,

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Respiratory Protection: Where there is potential for airborne exposure, use of a MSHA/NIOSH or OSHA/NIOSH approved respirator is recommended.

Eyes/Face: Wear side shield safety glasses or chemical resistant safety goggles.

Glove Recommendation: Rubber gloves are recommended for prolonged exposure.

Protective Clothing: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Contaminated clothing should be removed and

laundered before reuse.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Solid

Color: white to gray
Odor: earthy odor
pH: 4-6 (aqueous solution)

Boiling Point: Not applicable
Decomposition: loses crystalline water at > 500°C (930°F)

Appearance: white to gray solid
Physical Form: powder to lump
Odor Threshold: Not applicable
Melting Point: > 1500°C
Flash Point: Will not ignite
Evaporation Rate: Not applicable

LEL: Not applicable
Vapor Pressure: Not applicable
Density Not applicable
Density Not applicable
Water Solubility: None

UEL: Not applicable
Vapor Density (air = 1): Not applicable
Specific Gravity (water = 1): ~2.6 gm/cc
Coeff> Water/Oil Dist: Not applicable

Auto Ignition: Will not ignite Viscosity: Not applicable
Flow Point: Not applicable Sublimation Point: Not applicable

VOC: None

PN: 1327990 REV 002

Product Name: **No. 6 Tile**SDS ID: No. 6 Tile_GHS_001

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:

No reactive hazard is expected.

Chemical Stability:

Stable at normal temperatures and pressure

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Will not oxidize or polymerize.

Conditions to avoid:

None known.

Materials to Avoid (Incompatibilities):

None known.

Decomposition Products:

When exposed to high temperatures, free quartz can change crystal structure to form tridymite (above 870°C) or cristobalite (above 1470°C) which have greater health hazards than quartz. (Tridymite and cristobalite (TWA-TLV) =0.025 mg/m³.)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Primary Route of Exposure: Skin, Eye Contact, Inhalation and Ingestion

Acute Health Hazards:

Eye contact may cause mechanical irritation.

Skin contact may aggravate existing dermatitis.

Inhalation from prolonged and continuous exposure to excessive quantities of dust may aggravate existing asthmatic or respiratory conditions.

Acute and Chronic Toxicity

May cause eye irritation, skin irritation, respiratory tract irritation, and gastrointestinal tract irritation. May cause damage to respiratory tract through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Occupationally inhaled kaolin produced pulmonary fibrosis with sites of action being the lung, the lymph nodes and the hilus. Kaolin when taken orally over a long period of time can cause granulomas of the stomach.

Exposure to quartz (the most stable and common form of crystalline silica) is responsible for the majority of clinically diagnosed silicosis. Silicosis is a fibronodular lung disease that occurs after occupational exposure to crystalline silica for 5 years or longer. Inhalation of quartz dusts may cause shortness of breath, limitation of chest expansion, dry cough, and a lessened capacity for work. Individuals with a pre-existing disease in, or a history of ailments involving the skin or respiratory tract, are at greater risk for developing adverse health effects when exposed to this material.

In humans, chronic intermittent exposure to quartz caused pulmonary fibrosis, cough, and difficulty breathing. Overexposure to crystalline silica may cause silicosis, a form of disabling, progressive, and sometimes fatal pulmonary fibrosis characterized by the presence of typical nodulation in the lungs. Tuberculosis frequently complicates silicosis and the risk for tuberculosis is also increased in workers exposed to silica who have no radiographic evidence of silicosis. Crystalline silica can cause silicotic lesions in such organs as the liver, spleen and bone marrow. In humans, a causal relationship exists between exposure to crystalline silica and the development of autoimmune diseases. In multi-dose studies with animals, long term inhalation of quartz affected the lungs, endocrine system, immune system and blood.

This product contains quartz (respirable) as an impurity. Prolonged and/or massive exposure to respirable crystalline silica-containing dust may cause silicosis, a nodular pulmonary fibrosis caused by deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However it pointed out that not all industrial circumstances, nor all crystalline silica types, were to be incriminated. (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibers, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.)

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Product Name: **No. 6 Tile**SDS ID: No. 6 Tile_GHS 001

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

The components of this material have been reviewed in various sources and the following selected endpoints are published:

Quartz - Crystalline Silica (14808-60-7)

Oral LD50 Rat 500 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

Oral LD50 >10000 mg/kg

Water (7732-18-5)

Oral LD50 Rat >90 mL/kg

Irritation/Corrosivity Data

May cause eye irritation, skin irritation, respiratory tract irritation, and gastrointestinal tract irritation.

Respiratory Sensitizer

No test data available

Dermal Sensitizer

No test data available

Carcinogenicity

Component Carcinogenicity

Kaolin - CAS Nº 1332-58-7

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

Quartz - Crystalline Silica - CAS N° 14808-60-7

ACGIH: A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen IARC: Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide - CAS N° 13463-67-7

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen IARC: Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Mutagenic Data

No information available

Reproductive Effects Data

No information available

Specific Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

Target organs include ears, skin, respiratory system, and gastrointestinal tract.

Specific Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Causes damage to eyes, skin, respiratory system, and gastrointestinal tract through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard

No data available

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Individuals with pre-existing eye disorders, skin disorders, respiratory disorders and/or gastrointestinal disorders may have increased

Product Name:

No. 6 Tile

SDS ID: No. 6 Tile_GHS_001

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No information available for the product

Component Analysis - Aquatic Toxicity

No LOLI ecotoxicity data are available for this product's components

No information available for the product

Bioaccumulation

No information available for the product

Bioconcentration

This material is not believed to bioconcentrate

Biodegradation

This product is made from a naturally occurring, abundant, innocuous mineral

Persistence

This product is made from a naturally occurring, abundant, innocuous mineral

Mobility in Soil:

This product is insoluble in water

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment

Not relevant

Other Toxicity

May affect turbidity if discharged in large quantities to lakes, streams or sewers.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Non-hazardous waste - RCRA (40 CFR 261)

Dispose of waste materials in accordance with all local, state, and Federal requirements.

This product may not be disposed of in waterways or sewers.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

EPA Waste Number: Not regulated. DOT Classification: Not regulated. IMO Classification: Not regulated.

Internal UN: Not regulated.

IMDG Code: This product is not considered to be a marine pollutant.

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Product Name: SDS ID: No. 6 Tile

No. 6 Tile_GHS_001

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: This product does not contain extremely hazardous subject to the reporting requirements of Section 302 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 355.

SARA Title III Section 311 and 312 Health and Physical Hazard Categories per 40 CFR 370.2:

Immediate

Delayed

Fire No Pressure

Reactivity

Yes

Yes

No

No

SARA Section 313 Notification: This product does not contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

TSCA: Product is listed in Initial Inventory, Vol. 1, Appendix A, CAS No. 1332-58-7

FDA: Kaolin is generally recognized as safe (GRAS) under the FDA in accordance with 21 CFR 186.1256. Additionally, kaolin is established as a component of the uncoated or coated food contact surface of paper and paperboard in accordance with 21 CFR 176.170 (aqueous and fatty foods) and CFR 176.180 (dry foods).

CERCLA: Kaolin is not a CERCLA listed hazardous substance.

California Proposition 65: WARNING: This product may also contain extremely small amounts of one or more naturally-occurring materials known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

NJ Special Health Hazardous Substances List [4]: RTK Hazardous Substance List; Substance number 4016.

PA Special Hazardous Substances List: Regulated under PA Code Chapter 323.

Stockholm Convention: This product is not subject to the Stockholm Convention.

Montreal Protocol: This product is not subject to the Montreal Protocol.

Rotterdam Convention: This product is not subject to the Rotterdam Convention.

National Inventories:

DSL (Canada): Listed NDSL (Canada): Not Listed PICCS (Philippines): Listed KECL (Korea): Listed ENCS (MITI) (Japan): Listed AICS (Australia): Listed IECSC (China): Listed EINECS (Europe): Listed

REACh Status: Exempt (Annex v.7). Product is a naturally occurring mineral.

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Product Name:

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Training

Workers must be informed of the presence of crystalline silica and trained in the proper use and handling of this product as required under applicable regulations.

Summary of Changes

New SDS 04-Nov-2013

Key / Legend

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CHEMTREC Chemical Transportation Emergency Center

DOT Department of Transportation
DSL Canadian Domestic Substances List

EINECS European Inventory of New and Existing Chemical Substances

ENCS Existing and New Substances Inventory
EPA Environmental Protection Agency
FDA Food and Drug Administration

HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IMO International Maritime Organization
KECI Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

LOLI List Of Lists

MITI Japanese Ministry of International Trade and Industry

MSHA Mine Safety and Health Administration
NDSL Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List

NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NFPA National Fire Protection Agency

OSHA Occupational Health and Safety Administration
PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemical

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

REACh Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals

RTK Right to Know

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SDS Safety Data Sheet

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA Time Weighted Average
UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN United Nations
VOC Volatile Organic Content

vPvB Very Powerful Very Bioaccumulative

Product Name:

No. 6 Tile

SDS ID:

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Disclaimer

Such information is to the best of IMERYS knowledge and believed accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability and completeness of such information for his own particular use. IMERYS NORTH AMERICA CERAMICS MAKES NO WARRANTY WITH RESPECT HERETO AND DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FROM RELIANCE THEREON.

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Prepared By: Imerys North America Ceramics Technical Group.

END OF SHEET

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SAFETY DATA SHEET - JANUARY 3, 2018

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier:	Silica Sand
Trade Names	Holliston Sand Products, Slater Farms Products
Product Uses:	Filtration Media, Foundry Sand, Industrial Fillers, Bio-retention and Agricultural Sand,
	Sports Turf, Recreational Products, Commercial Products, Traction Sand
	Not recommended for sand-blasting.
Manufacturer's Name:	Holliston Sand Company, Inc.
Manufacturer's Address	PO Box 1168, Slatersville, RI 02876
Manufacturer's Telephone	401.766.5010, Monday – Friday, 7:00am to 5:00pm
Manufacturer's Facsimile:	401.762.4976
Emergency Telephone	401.766.5010, Monday – Friday, 7:00am to 5:00pm

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

GHS - US Classification and Label Elements:

Health:

Category 1A - Carcinogen		
Category 1 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) following repeated exposures	
Category 2B - Eye Irritation		
Signal Word (GHS-US) - DANGER	See	
GHS-US Labeling / Hazard Pictograms	GHS08	GHS07

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

H335	May cause eye and respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer by inhalation
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.



Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

P202 – SDS - Read all safety precautions prior to handling.	P264 – Wash thoroughly after handling.
P308 / P313/P314/P304 – Call for medical attention if not well	or uncomfortable. If inhaled, provide fresh air.
P260 / P280 – Never breathe dust. Wear PPE prior to use	P271 – Use in a well ventilated area.
P403 – Store properly. Closed container.	P501 – Dispose of according to local / regional regulations.

Section 3 - Composition

Name	Product Identifier	Percentage (%)	GHS-US Classification	
Quartz	CAS #: 14808-60-7	85 – 99.9	Carc. 1A, H350, STOT SE 3, H335, STOT RE 1, H372	

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

ANY SERIOUS INJURY OR UNCONSCIOUSNESS OBSERVATION SHOULD BE AN AUTOMATIC EMERGENCY CALL TO 911.

Inhalation - Move person to a clear area, provide fresh air. Provide medical or emergency attention.

Eye – Flush eye / eyes with water as needed. Provide medical attention as necessary.

Skin – Simple abrasions should be cleansed with mild soap and water. Provide medical attention as necessary.

Ingestion - Discomfort should be followed up with medical attention.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure - Symptoms of silicosis may first appear 15 to 20 years after someone's exposure to crystalline silica. As the disease progresses, symptoms may include:

Shortness of breath	Severe Cough	Weakness

If you have silica in your lungs, your body may not be able to fight infections well. This can lead to other illnesses that can cause.

Chest Pains	Weight Loss	Night Sweats
Respiratory Failure	Fever	

As the disease progresses over time, these symptoms can become worse. The symptoms of acute silicosis which can occur with exposures to very high concentrations of respirable crystalline silica over a very short time period, sometimes as short as six months, are the same as those associated with chronic silicosis. The symptoms of scleroderma, an autoimmune disease, include thickening and stiffness of the skin, particularly in the fingers, shortness of breath, difficulty swallowing and joint problems.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media:	Compatible with all media. Use appropriate media for surrounding fire.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Habits:	None known.
Special Fire Fighting Procedure.	None known. Not flammable. Use normal fire fighting equipment.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	None known.



Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 - General measures.
 - Do not breathe dust. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up. Use water to wet down clean up area to minimize particulate.
 - o For non-emergency / emergency personnel,
 - Wear suitable protective ciothing, gloves, eye and face protection. Use recommended respiratory protection. Collect as any solid.
- Environmental Precautions no additional information available
- Methods and Material for Containment and Clean-up
 - Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up, Use water to wet down clean up area to minimize particulate.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

- This product is not to be used for abrasive blasting without proper equipment and training. Do not breathe dust, which
 may be created during handling of this product.
- Engineering measures and good housekeeping are essential to preventing accumulation of silica dust in the workplace.

 Use adequate ventilation and dust collection systems.
- Testing can ensure engineering measures are sufficient. PPE is a solution until verification is established. Refer to Section
 8 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection for further information.
- Silica dust is not always visible in a form of a cloud. Use PPE.
- In accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR 1910.12, 1915.99, 1917.28, 1918.90, 1926.59, 1928.21), state, and / or local right to know laws and regulations, familiarize your employees with this SDS and the information contained herein.
- Warn your employees, your customers and other third parties (in case of resale or distribution to others) of the potential
 health risks associated with the use of this product and train them in the appropriate use of PPE and engineering
 controls, which will reduce their risks of exposure.
- See ASTM International standard practice E1132-06, "Standard Practice for Health Requirements Relating to Occupational Exposure to Respirable Crystalline Silica."
- Store in a dry, cool place. Keep container tightly closed.



Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Control Parameters

Quartz (14808-60-7)	- Occupational exposure limits (respir	able fraction) in air for dust containing crystalline
silica.		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³) (8 hour weighted average)	0.025 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m²)	50 mg/m³
usa niosh	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³) (10 hour weighted average)	0.05 mg/m ³
usa msha/osha	MSHA/OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) (8 hour weighted average) (Mineral Dust)	$(30)/(\%SiO_2 + 2) \text{ mg/m}^3 - \text{total dust}$ $(10)/(\% SiO_2 + 2) \text{ mg/m}^3 - \text{respirable fraction}$

USA ACGIH	ACGIH TLV	3 mg/m³	10mg/m ³
usa msha/osha	MSHA/OSHA PEL (As Inert or Nuisance Dust)	5 mg/m³	15 mg/m ³

Exposure Controls

Engineering controls	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Avoid dust production,
Personal protection equipment (PPE)	Use dust suits, protective goggles and respiratory protection in dusty areas. Self contained breathing apparatus is also a good option during dust production. Get training on the use of all PPE equipment. Respirator fit testing is mandatory. Contact NIOSH at 800.35.NIOSH, WWW.CDC.GOV/NIOSH Use impermeable gloves for hand protection. Use protective goggles for eye protection Use NIOSH approved respirators in areas containing airborne dust
Hygiene	Always wash your hands after handling

California Inhalation Reference Exposure Limit (REL) as of 12/08: Crystalline silica (quartz, cristobalite, tridymite) is 3 ug/m³. Canadian OEL:

- Canada Labour Code: 0,025 mg/m³ (respirable)
 - Alberta, British Columbia: 0.025 mg/m³ (respirable quartz and cristobalite)
 - Saskatchewen: 2 mg/m3 (respirable, amorphous: silica fume); 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable, amorphous: silica fused); 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable, cristobalite); 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable tridymite); 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable, quartz); 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable, tripoli)
 - Manitoba, Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island: 0.025 mg/m3 (respirable)
 - Ontario: 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable cristobalite, tridymite); 0.1 mg/m³ (quartz, tripoli); 0.1 mg/m³ (silica fused); 2 mg/m³ (silica fume)
 - Quebec: 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable, cristobalite, tridymite); 0.1 mg/m³ (quartz, tripoli)
 - New Brunswick: 0.1 mg/m³ (quartz); 0.05 mg/m³ (cristobalite)
 - Nova Scotia: 0.025 mg/m³ (quartz, cristobalite)
 - Yukon: 2 mg/m³ (respirable, amorphous); 300 particles/ml measured with a konimeter (quartz, and tripoli); 150 particles/ML measured with a konimeter (cristobalite and tridymite)
 - Northwest Territories, Nunavut: 2 mg/m³ (respirable, amorphous); 0.05 mg/m³ (respirable, cristobalite, tridymite, silica flour); 0.1 mg/m³ (respirable, fused silica, quartz, tripoli)

Austria OEL - Maximum concentration 0.15 mg/m³

Japan OEL - Japan Society of Occupational Health Respirable crystalline silica 0.03 mg/m³

Poland OEL TWA -2 mg/m³ (total inhalable dust, containing >50% free crystalline silica);

- 0.3 mg/mg/m³ (respirable dust, containing >50% free crystalline silica);
- 4.0 mg/m³ (total inhalable dust, containing 2% to 50% free crystalline silica);
- 1.0 mg/m³ (respirable dust, containing 2% to 50% free crystalline silica)

United Kingdom OEL - 0.1 mg/m³

Mexico − 0.1 mg/m³ (quartz, inhalable)

- 0.05 mg/m³ (cristobalite, inhalable)
- 0.05 mg/m³ (tridymite, inhalable)
- 0,1 mg/m³ (tripoli containing respirable quartz powder, inhalable)
- (Also refer to ACGIH)

Argentina - 0.05 mg/m³ (quartz, respirable)

- 0.05 mg/m³ (cristobalite, respirable)
- 0.05 mg/m³ (tridymite, respirable)
- 0.1 mg/m³ (tripoli, respirable)

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical State / Appearance	Solid / Crystalline
Odor	None
Odor Threshold	No data available
Color	Natural
рН	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Melting point	1710°C (3110°F)
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point	2230°C (4046°F)
Flash point	No data available
Self ignition temperature	No data available



Decomposition temperature	No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non-combustible solid	
Vapour pressure	No data available	
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	No data available	
Relative density	No data available	
Density	2.65 (approx.)	
Solubility	Practically insoluble.	
Log Pow	No data available	
Log Kow	No data available	
Viscosity	No data available	
Explosive Limits	None known.	
Oxidizing properties	None known.	
Explosive limits	No đata available	

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	None under normal conditions. Reactive with strong oxidizing agents. Chemically stable under normal temperature and pressure. Thermal instability occurs under high temperatures above 870°C (1598°F). It can change to crystalline silica such as tridymite and cristobalite.	
Chemical / Thermal Stability		
Incompatible Materials	Avoid strong oxidizers such as fluorine, chlorine tri-fluoride, hydrogen fluoride, oxygen di-fluoride, hydrogen peroxide, acetylene, ammonia.	
Hazardous Decomposition	Quartz (silica) will dissolve in hydrofluoric acid producing a corrosive gas, sili tetra-fluoride.	
Hazardous Polymerization	Not know to polymerize.	

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity		Not classified		
Aspiration hazard		Not classified		
Skin Irritation		Not classified		
Eye Irritation		Not classified		
Respiratory or skin sensitization		Not classified		
Reproductive toxicity		Not classified		
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)		Not classified		
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)		Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation)		
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not classified		
Carcinogenicity		May cause cancer - inhalation		
Quartz (14808-60-7)	IARC Gro	oup – Group 1	National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status: Known Human Carcinogen	
Silica – All grades (14808-60-7)		damage in the	rolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust will cause lung form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult ugh, fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.	



Section 12: Ecological Information

Crystalline silica is not known to be eco-toxic, not readily biodegradable and not expected to bio-accumulate.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

AS SOLD, our crystalline silica (quartz) products are not considered hazardous waste under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, or its regulations, 40 CFR 261 et seq. Dispose according to applicable local, state and federal regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

Crystalline silica (quartz) is not a hazardous material for purposes of transportation under the U. S. Department of Transportation Table of Hazardous Materials, 49 CFR §172.101, and Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations in the European Union, Canada, Argentina, Republic of Uzbekistan and Japan. Consult applicable international, national, state, provincial or local laws. In accordance with DOT / TDG / ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ACAO / IATA, crystalline silica is not a dangerous product in the sense of transport regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

US Federal Regulations Silica / Quartz		Immediate health hazard - acute	On US TSCA (Toxic Substances Control	
	14808-60-7	Delayed health hazard – chronic.	Act) inventory listing.	
Canada Regulations		WHMIS Classification. Class D Division 2		
		Subdivision A – Very toxic material		
		causing other toxic effects.		
International Info		IARC (international Agency for Research	NTP (National Toxicology Program)	
		on Cancer) listing.	specifies as a carcinogen.	
U State Regulations		See below.		

- U.S. California Proposition 65 Carcinogens List . This product contains Quartz, a substance known to the state of California to cause cancer.
- U.S. Hawaii Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits Mineral Dusts
- U.S. Illinois Toxic Air Contaminant Carcinogens
- U.S. Maine Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits Mineral Dusts
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs



Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA

Health Hazard	2 – intense or continued exposure could cause temporary or incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given	0
Fire Hazard	0 – materials that will not burn	
Reactivity	0 - normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, are not reactive with water	0

HMIS III Rating

Health	2 - moderate hazard, temporary injury may occur	
Flammability	0 - minimal hazard	
Physical	0 — minimal hazard	
Personal Protection	All equipment required plus engineering measures.	

Definitions

Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A	
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3	

User's Responsibility: The OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 requires that this SDS be made available to your employees who handle or may be exposed to this product. Educate and train your employees regarding applicable precautions. Instruct your employees to handle this product properly.

Disclaimer: The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for one's own particular use. Since the actual use of the product described herein is beyond our control, Holliston Sand company, Inc., assumes no liability arising out of the use of the product by others. Appropriate warnings and safe handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users.

More information on the effects of crystalline silica exposure may be obtained from OSHA website: http://www.osha.gov or from NiOSH website: http://www.cdc.gov/niosh).

